State of California — The Resources Agency DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION <b>PRIMARY RECORD</b> Other Listings	Primary # HRI# Trinomial CHR Status Code				
Review Code	Reveiwer	Date			
Page <u>1</u> of <u>3</u> Resource name(s) or number(assigned by recorder) <b>1875 Mission Street</b>					
P1. Other Identifier:		Form Number	321		
P2. Location: 🗌 Not for Publication 🗹 Unrestricted	*a. County	San Francisco			
*b. USGS 7.5' Quad San Francisco North Date: c. Address 1875 Mission ST	1995 City	<b>v</b> San Francisco <b>Zip</b> 94103			

\*P3a. Description: (Describe resource and its major elements. Include design, materials, condition, alterations, size, setting, and boundaries.) This is a two-story plus mezzanine, four-bay, stucco-clad, reinforced concrete industrial building. The ground story features a series of modern aluminum frame plate glass storefronts. The mezzanine level retains three of four industrial steel sash windows, the first bay being modern aluminum frame. The second and third stories feature an industrial steel sash window in each building bay. Concrete pilasters divide the bays with simple, geometric forms.

The façade is divided by a beltcourse between the mezzanine and second floors. There is a simple, banded cornice and a plain parapet. The roof is flat.



 Attachments:
 None
 Location Map
 Sketch Map
 ✓ Continuation Sheet
 ✓ Building, Structure, and Object Record

 Archaeological Record
 District Record
 Linear Feature Recor
 Milling Station Record
 Rock Art Record

 Artifact Record
 Photograph Record
 Other (list)

DPR 523A (1/95)

\*Required information

State of California — The Resources Agency DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION	Primary # HRI#	
<b>BUILDING, STRUCTURE, AND OBJE</b>	CT RECORD	Form Number 321
Page <u>2</u> of <u>3</u> *Resource name(s) or number 1875 Mi	ssion Street	CHR Status Code 6L
B1. Historic Name: B2. Common Name:		
B3. Original Use: Industrial	B4. Present Use: Industrial	l
*B6 Construction History: BPA 1925 - erect a three story and basement reinforced concret skylights, for \$51,000. 1993- parapet reinforcement. Manufactur		, with a galvanized iron cornice, and ten
*B7. Moved? Vo Date: *B8. Related Features:	Original Location	
B9a. Architect: John Henry Powers	B9b. Builder: Cahil Broth	ers (Sharon Building)
*B10. Significance: Theme Early Infill Development	Area: San Fra	ncisco 1906 fire-zone
Period of Significance <u>1914-1930</u> Property Type <u>(</u>	Commercial Apr	blicable Criteria (NR):

(Discuss importance in terms of historical or architectural context as defined by theme, period, and geographic scope. Also address integrity)

HISTORY: In 1886, the site of this building was occupied by a junk store, with a large two and three-story building, and several open sheds, open areas. In 1894, it was owned by Julia Green. By 1899, the lot was cleared and vacant. In 1901, the lot was owned by Leo P. and Michael S. Alexander. It is not known if there was construction on the site before the earthquake and fire of 1906, at which time it was owned by the Levi Strauss Realty Co. In 1909, the vacant lot was owned by Elise Hoelscher. The current building erected in 1925, replaced a 1916 frame factory building on the lot of the same size, built for the William Hoelscher & Co. From at least 1935 to 1946, the property was owned by Charles B. Trull.

CONTEXT: Commercial buildings in the Inner Mission North survey area cover a broad range of building sizes and uses, but as a rule, do not involve a residential component. In the Inner Mission North survey area: 53% of the commercial buildings were erected in the reconstruction period, 1906-1913; 34% were constructed in the early infill period of development, 1914-1930; and 13% in the late infill period, 1931-1957. Often three or more stories tall, commercial structures from this period were typically executed with straight fronts, flat roofs and level skylines. Windows often served as the building's ornamentation, with tripartite "Chicago" windows, or slightly projecting bays commonplace. Other ornament, such as a cartouche, festoon, or garland can also be found. From a steel skeleton construction with non-bearing masonry veneer, the buildings often feature a moderately projecting cornice. This style represents 4% of the building stock in the Inner Mission North survey area 1850-1957. This building represents the later infill development within the area destroyed by the 1906 earthquake and fire in San Francisco, when 26% of the properties in the Inner Mission North survey were erected. This period was slower, larger, and more studied. Development occurred on larger vacant parcels, or replaced temporary buildings, which were hastily erected after the disaster. Apartment buildings were the dominant building type erected in this period.

(See Continuation Sheet)

# **B11. Additional Resources Attributes:**

# \*B12. References:

City Directories: 1906, 1911, 1920, 1939. Sanborn maps: 1886, 1899, 1915, 1920 (Planning Dept), 1950, 1998. WPA land use maps 1940-1965 (Planning Dept.). Block Books: 1894, 1901, 1906, 1914, 1935, 1946, 1965. Water Department Tap Records, Building Permit Applications.

# B13. Remarks:

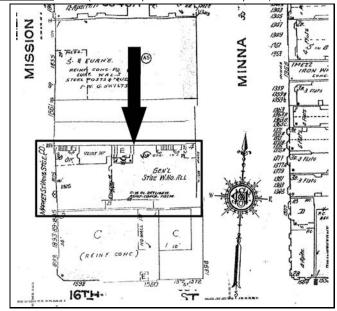
Reviewed by: the San Francisco Survey Advisory Committee: Charles Chase, Neil Hart, Tim Kelley, Bridget Maley, Mark Ryser, Jeffrey Tully, Chris VerPlanck.

# \*B14 Evaluator:

N. Moses Corrette, SF Planning Department 1660 Mission Street, 5th Floor San Francisco, CA, 94103

\* Date of Evaluation: 9/10/2003
(This space reserved for official comments)

(Sketch Map with north arrow required)



\*Required information

State of California — The Resources Agency	Primary #
DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION	HRI #
CONTINUATION SHEET	Trinomial

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Resource Name or # 1867-1875 Mission

\*Recorded by Planning Department – City and County of San Francisco \*Date 9/10/2003 🗵 Continuation 🗆 Update

# **B10.** Continued

ASSESSMENT: This building appears to be ineligible for individual listing in either the National Register, the California Register, or local listing as it lacks the historical or architectural significance for such listing. It also appears not to contribute to any potential districts in the area, as it falls outside the significant period of development identified within the Inner Mission North survey area. John Henry Powers (1874-1941) operated his architectural firm at 460 Monolgin when he designed this building. According to City Directories, Powers practiced architecture in San Francisco from 1907-10, 1912-25, 1927-34. This property does not seem to be related to any event or chain of events important in illustrating the historic context, per National Register Criterion A. None of the persons known to have associations with this building appear to have had significant cultural contributions represented by this property, per National Register Criterion B. This property is associated with a number of other properties in the Inner Mission North survey area, and the San Francisco 1906 fire zone, however, the Early Infill Development period (1914-1930) and Late Infill Development period (1931-1957) are not significant, per National Register Criterion C. The building does retain sufficient integrity from its period to warrant special consideration in local planning. This property was not fully assessed for its potential to yield information important in prehistory or history, per National Register Criterion D.

INTEGRITY: The building appears to be in good structural and material condition. Materially unchanged from the time it was erected in a dense urban fabric, this property retains integrity of location, design, setting, workmanship, materials, feeling and association dating back to its date of construction.

FEATURES: This building retains architectural integrity to its date of construction; however, this falls outside an identified period of significance. The building does contribute the character of the neighborhood, and is consistent in use, massing, style and detailing to the surrounding contributory properties. Additionally, as the building retains integrity, it may, at a future date be reexamined under a different context, and be found significant. In that light, features of this building include, but may not be limited to: siting and relationship of the building to the street; the size and location of the (infilled) automobile garage entry; masonry exterior; roof configuration; building plan; entry approach; windows and doors including transoms, surrounds and glazing; and architectural elements such as pilasters and parapet.